

## ALLIED COURSE: I B.Sc., INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

### ESSENTIALS OF MATHEMATICS

#### OBJECTIVES:

- *To understand the basic skills of Mathematics*
- *To Provide the knowledge of Mathematics in formal deductive reasoning*
- *To solve Algebraic problems using the knowledge of equations.*
- *To introduce the basic concept of Differentiation.*
- *To provide working knowledge about combinatorial analysis.*

#### UNIT-I: SETS AND ELEMENTS

Sets and Elements, Universal set, Empty set, Subset, Venn Diagrams, Union and Intersection, Complement, Classes of Sets, Power sets, Partition, Ordered Pairs, Product sets, Relations, equivalence Relations and Functions.

#### UNIT-II: THEORY OF EQUATIONS

Elements of Algebra – Functions – Linear equations – simultaneous Linear equations – quadratic functions and equations – Relation between roots and coefficients – solving the equations whose roots are in A.P, G.P and H.P.

#### UNIT-III: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Variable separable – Linear equations – second order of types  $(aD^2+bD+c)y = f(x)$  where a, b, c are constants and  $f(x)$  is one of the following types (i)  $e^{kx}$  (ii)  $\sin(kx)$  ,  $\cos(kx)$ .  $x^n$  n being an integer.

#### UNIT- IV: VECTORS AND MATRICES

Introduction – Vectors – Matrices – Matrix addition and Scalar Multiplication – Matrix Multiplication – Square Matrix – Invertible Matrix – Determinants – Subscripted Variables – Linear equations in one and two unknowns – Gauss elimination method.

## **UNIT- V:COMBINATORIAL ANALYSIS**

Introduction – Factorial notation – Binomial coefficients – Permutations – Permutation with repetition ; Partitions – combinations – Tree diagrams.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

[ 1 ] “Essential Computer Mathematics” Seymour lipschitzschamu’s outline 2004.

[ 2 ] “ Algebra vol I” T.K.ManickavasagamPillai – s.Viswanathan Printers 2008.

UnitI : Chapter 6 Sec 6.1 to 6.15 [1]

UnitII : Chapter 1 Sec 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6 [2]

Unit III: Chapter 9 sec 1 to 4 [2]

Unit IV: Chapter 9 full and Chapter 10 (10.1 to 10. 6) [1]

Unit V: Chapter 11 Section 11.1 to 11.7[1]

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

(1) ‘Mathematical Foundation’ P.R.Vittal – Margham Publications.

(2) ‘Allied Mathematics’, S.G.Venkatachalapathy, Margham Publications 2007.

**ALLIED COURSE : 1**

**SEM : I**

**B.Sc / B.C.A. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

## ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS

### OBJECTIVES:

- *To understand the basic skills of Mathematics*
- *To mode the fundamental principles in the area of calculus.*
- *To solve Algebraic problems using the knowledge of equations.*
- *To introduce the basic concept of Differentiation and Integration.*
- *To access students in making the transition from the arithmetic to the symbolic.*

### UNIT-I : THEORY OF EQUATIONS

Introduction- In equation with rational coefficients irrational roots occur in pairs- Relations between roots and coefficients of equations- transformation of equations- Diminishing, increasing and multiplying the roots by a constant- forming equations with given roots.

### UNIT-II: MATRICES

Introduction to Matrices – Singular Matrices – Inverse of Non-Singular matrix using adjoint method – Rank of Matrix – Consistency – Characteristic equation, Eigen Values, Eigen Vectors – Cayley Hamilton's Theorem (Proof not needed) – Simple applications only.

### UNIT-III : DIFFERENTIATION AND SUCCESSIVE DIFFERENTIATION

Definition – Differential Co-efficients product rule – Quotient rule – Function of function rule – Inverse Functions – Hyperbolic functions – Transformation – Successive Differentiation:  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative – Trigonometrical Transformations – Leibnitz formula for  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative – formulas and simple applications only.

### UNIT- IV: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Differential equations of first order - Variable separable – Linear equations – Second order of types  $(aD^2+bD+c)y=f(x)$ , where a, b, c are constants and  $f(x)$  is one of the following types: (i)  $e^{kx}$  (ii)  $\text{Sinkx}$  (or)  $\text{Coskx}$ , where k be a constant (iii)  $x^n$ , n being integer.( Simple Problems only)

### UNIT- V: INTEGRATION

Integration – Definite integral – Integrals of function containing linear functions of x  
Integration of Rational Algebraic Functions and Rule (a), (b) and (C).( Simple Problems  
only)

**TEXT BOOKS:**

[1] ‘Algebra vol. I and Vol. II’, T.K.ManicavachagamPillai and Others, S.V.  
Publications 2011.

[2] ‘Calculus, Vol. I and Vol. II’, T.K.ManicavachagamPillai and Others, S.V.  
Publications 2011.

Unit I : Chapter 6 (Sec 10, 11, 15, 17, 18) [1], Vol I

Unit II : Chapter 2 (Sec 1 – 8 and 10 – 16) [1], Vol II

Unit III : Chapter 2 (Sec 2.1 – 3.6, 3.8 – 3.14 and 4.3) and Chapter 3 [2], Vol. I

Unit IV : Chapter 1 (Sec 1.1 – 1.3 formulas only), 7.3 Chapter 9 (Sec 1, 3 and 4) [2], Vol. I

Unit V: Chapter 1 (Sec 1.1- 7.4) [2], Vol. II

**References**

(1) ‘Differential Calculus’. M.L.Kanna, Jai Prakashnath & Co.,

(2) ‘Allied Mathematics’, S.G.Venkatachalapathy, Margham Publications 2007.

**ALLIED COURSE:2 CLASS: B.Sc., CS/CA/IT SEM:II**

**CODE:U2NITORAC2/ U2NMORAC2**

### **OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- *To Introduce Operations Research, Linear programming formation and role of Computer in OR.*
- *To develop computational skill and logical thinking in formulating industry oriented problems as a mathematical problem and finding solutions to these problems.*
- *To introduce concepts of slack and surplus variables.*
- *To improve the skills of solving very common problems which we come across in various fields like transportation, Sequencing Problems and industries with machines.*
- *To introduce Network and to find critical path.*

#### **Unit I: Introduction to OR**

Introduction - basics of OR - OR & decision making - Role of computers in OR - Linear programming formulations & graphical solution of two variables - canonical & standard forms of LPP.

#### **Unit II : Solving L.P.P**

Introduction - concepts of slack & surplus variables - simplex method - algorithm for simplex method for  $<$ ,  $=$ ,  $>$ , constraints - Charne's method - algorithm for a Charne's method, Charne's method of penalties (Big. M method) problems.

#### **Unit III: Transportation & Assignment Problem**

Transportation algorithm - concepts of feasibility basicness, methods used to find the solution to a TP - Unbalanced transportation problem - assignment algorithm - General model of the assignment problem - unbalanced assignment problem - solution to the assignment problem.

#### **Unit IV: Sequencing Problems**

Problems of sequencing - Processing of n jobs through two machines - processing of n jobs through 3 machines.

#### **Unit V: Networks**

Introduction to Network - Fulkerson's rule - measures of activity - CPM - Finding the critical path – calculating TF, FF, IF, PERT computation.

## **TEXT BOOK**

[1] Manmohan& Gupta, “**Operations Research**”, Sultan Chand Publishers, New Delhi, 1999.

[2] “**Research Management Techniques (OR)**”Sundaresan,Ganapthy, Balasubramanian and Ganesan,A.R.Publications,Arpakkam-609111. SirkaliTaluk, Phone:04364-270081  
Cell:9443351098.

Unit I : Chapter 1 - 3 [1]

Unit II : Chapter 4 - 6 [1]

Unit III : Chapter 15 - 16 [1]

Unit IV : Chapter 10 - Sec. 10.1 to 10.4 [1]

Unit V : Chapter 15 - Sec. 15.1 to 15.7 [2]

## **REFERENCE BOOK**

- 1) Prem Kumar Gupta and D.S.Hira, “**An Introduction of Operations Research**”, S.Chand and co., Ltd. New Delhi, 1995.
- 2) HumdyA.Taha, “**Operations Research** “ (7<sup>th</sup>Edn.), Mcmillan Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1982.

**ALLIED COURSE: 3CLASS: B.Sc., CS/CA/IT SEM:II**

**CODE:U2NMNMCAC3**

## **NUMERICAL METHODS AND STATISTICS**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- *To understand the concept of transcendental and polynomial equations.*
- *To Know how to use numerical methods to solve Simultaneous Linear Equations*
- *To know the techniques of Numerical Differentiation and Numerical Integration.*
- *To understand how to find solution of difference equations, Algebraic and Transcendental equations and Numerical solution of Ordinary differential equations of first order.*
- *To understand Mean, Median, Mode, Standard Deviation, Correlation and Regression.*

### **Unit 1: Solution Of Algebraic And Transcendental Equation:**

Bisection Method, Method Of False Position, Iteration Method, Newton Raphson Method - Problems Only.

### **Unit II: Solution Of Simultaneous Linear Equations:**

Gauss Elimination Method, Gauss Jacobi Method, Gauss Jordan Method, Gauss Seidel Method- (no proof needed).

### **Unit III: Numerical Interpolation:**

Newton's Forward And Backward Interpolation Formulae, Lagrange's Interpolation Formula, Divided Differences – Newton's Formula Only–(formula derivation not needed).

### **UnitIV: Numerical Differentiation, Integration And Numerical Solution To ODE**

Newton's Forward And Backward Differentiation Formula – Trapezoidal And Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  And  $3/8^{\text{th}}$  Rule – Euler's Method, modified Euler's Method And Runge – Kutta  $2^{\text{nd}}$  Order Only - Simple Numerical Problems Only.

### **Unit V: Statistics:**

Mean, Median, Mode, Standard Deviation, Correlation And Regression – Simple Numerical Problems Only.

### **Text books:**

[1] S.S.Sastry :“**Introductory methods of numerical analysis**”. Prentical Hall India 1994.

[2] S.P.Gupta :“**Statistical methods**”. S.Chand& Company, New Delhi.

[3] N. Subramaniam: “**Numerical Methods**”,Scm Publishers, Erode.

Unit I :Chapter 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5 [1]

Unit II :Chapter I, Sec 1.2 fully [3]

Unit III:Chapter II sec2.1,2.2, 2.3 only [3]

Unit IV :Chapter II 5.2, 5.4.1,5.4.2,5.4.3,7.4, 7.4.2 ,7.5 [1]

Unit V :Chapter II, Sec 2.5,2.6,2.7 [2]

### **REFERENCE BOOK**

1.P.Kandasamy “Numerical Methods” S.Chand& Co., New Delhi, .1998

2.R.S.N. Pillai and Bagavathi S, “**Statistics**” Chand & Co Ltd., New Delhi, 1999.



**B.Sc., PHYSICS/ CHEMISTRY/ INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS  
CALCULUS AND FOURIER SERIES**

**Objectives:**

- To find the derivative of the function using the limit definition
- To apply the basic rules of differentiation and to find the derivative of algebraic and trigonometric functions.
- To find higher order derivatives and to use implicit differentiation.
- To solve heat equation in metal plane.
- To represent a periodic signal with continuous time Fourier series

**UNIT I: SUCCESSIVE DIFFERENTIATION**

Successive Differentiation -  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of standard functions (Derivation not needed) simple problems only-Leibnitz Theorem (proof not needed) and its applications – Curvature – circle and radius of curvature in Cartesian only (proof not needed) .

**UNIT II: EVALUATION OF INTEGRALS**

Evaluation of integrals of types

$$\int \frac{px + q}{ax^2 + bx + c} dx \quad \int \frac{px + q}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}} dx \quad \int \frac{dx}{a + b\cos x} \int \frac{dx}{a + b\sin x}$$

Integration by trigonometric substitution and by parts of the integrals (Problems only)

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx \int \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} dx \int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} dx$$

**UNIT III : DEFINITE INTEGRAL**

General properties of definite integrals - Evaluation of definite integrals of types

$$\int_a^b \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(x-a)(b-x)}} \int_a^b \sqrt{(x-a)(b-x)} dx \int_a^b \sqrt{\frac{x-a}{b-x}} dx$$

Reduction formula (when n is a positive integer) for

$$\int_a^b e^{ax} x^n dx \quad \int_a^b \sin^n x dx \quad \int_a^b \cos^n x dx \quad \int_0^x e^{ax} x^n dx \quad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx \quad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x \cos^m x dx$$

(Problems only)

**UNIT IV: MULTIPLE INTEGRALS**

Evaluation of Double and Triple integrals in simple cases - Changing the order and evaluating of the double integration. (Cartesian only)

## **UNIT V - FOURIER SERIES**

Definition of Fourier Series - Finding Fourier Coefficients for a given periodic function with period  $2\pi$  - Use of Odd & even functions in evaluating Fourier Coefficients - Half range sine & cosine series.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

[1] “Calculus Vol I”, S. Narayanan, T.K. Manchavasagam Pillai, S.V. Pvt. Ltd, 2003.

[2] “Calculus Vol II”, S. Narayanan, T.K. Manchavasagam Pillai, S.V. Pvt. Ltd, 2003.

[3] “Allied Mathematics” - S.G.Vengatachalapathy, Marghum Publications

Unit I : Chapter 3 - Fully, Chapter 10 - 2.1, 2.3 [1]

Unit II : Chapter 1 - Sec. 7.3 (b), Sec. 8 case(ii), case(iii) , Sec. 9, fully [2]

Unit III : Chapter 1 - Sec. 11 - fully, sec. 13, 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, Sec 8-case(ix) [2]

Unit IV : Chapter 5 - Sec. 2.1, 2.2 & Sec. 4 [2]

Unit V : Chapter 12 - Page 12.1 to 12.40 [3]

### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1) “Engineering Mathematics” - Babu Ram - Pearson Publication

**B.Sc., PHYSICS / CHEMISTRY / INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS**  
**ALGEBRA, ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY (3D) AND TRIGONOMETRY**

**Objectives**

- To carry out the basic operation of matrix algebra
- To analyze and solve world problems in practical situations
- To synthesize all the mathematical presentation of problems
- To practice manipulating trigonometric functions and in substituting equivalent expression
- To analyze situations, check for limitations, examine appropriate methods of solution using trigonometry

**UNIT I - BINOMIAL, EXPONENTIAL AND LOGARITHMIC SERIES**

Important expansions - summation & approximation related problems only - limits and approximations.

**UNIT II – MATRIX**

Non-singular, Symmetric, Skew Symmetric, Orthogonal, Hermitian, Skew Hermitian and Unitary matrices - Characteristics equation, eigen values, eigen vectors - Cayley Hamilton's theorem (proof not needed) - Simple applications only.

**UNIT III - ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY (3D)**

Finding the shortest distance between two skew lines and the equation of the plane containing them - Condition of Coplanarity - Equation of a Sphere - Tangent plane - Plane section of a sphere - Finding the center & radius of the circle of intersection - Sphere through the circle of intersection (only problems in all the above)

**UNIT IV - EXPANSION**

Expansion of  $\sin n\theta$ ,  $\cos n\theta$ ,  $\tan n\theta$  ( $n$  being a positive integer) - Expansion of  $\sin^n\theta$ ,  $\cos^n\theta$ ,  $\sin^n\theta\cos^m\theta$  in a series of sines & cosines of multiples of  $\theta$  ( $\theta$  - given in radians) - Expansion of  $\sin\theta$ ,  $\cos\theta$  and  $\tan\theta$  in terms of powers of  $\theta$  (only problems in all the above).

## **UNIT V - HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS**

Euler's formula for  $e^{i\theta}$  - Definition of Hyperbolic functions - formulae involving Hyperbolic functions - Relation between Hyperbolic & circular functions - Expansion of  $\sinh x$ ,  $\cosh x$ ,  $\tanh x$  in power of  $x$  - Expansion of Inverse hyperbolic function  $\sinh^{-1}x$ ,  $\cosh^{-1}x$  and  $\tanh^{-1}x$ .

### **Text Books:**

- [1] T.K.Manicavachagam Pillai, T.Natarajan, K.S.Gnanapathy, "Algebra, Vol. I, algebra, Vol. II), S.Viswanathan Pvt. Limited, Chennai, 2004.
- [2] S.Narayanan T.K.Manichavasagam Pillai, "Trigonometry" S.Viswanathan Pvt. Limited, and Vijay Nicole Imprints Pvt Ltd, 2004.
- [3] T.K.Manickavasagam Pillai, Analytical Geometry (3D) and Vector Calculus, New Gamma Publishing House, 1991.

**Unit I : Chapter III, IV - Simple problems only in [1] Vol. [1]**

**Unit II : Chapter II - fully in [1] vol. [2]**

**Unit III : Chapter I - Sec. 1, 2, Chapter IV, Sec. 35 to 41 [3]**

**Unit IV : Chapter III, 2.1 to 2.3 [2]**

**Unit V : Chapter IV, fully [2]**

### **Reference Book:**

- 1) "Analytical Geometry", Duraipandian & Chatejee
- 2) "Trigonometry"- Arumugam & others - New Gamma publications.

**ALLIED COURSE:3**

**SEM: II**

**CODE:U2NMTAC3**

**B.Sc., PHYSICS/ CHEMISTRY/ INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS  
ODE, PDE, LAPLACE TRANSFORMS AND VECTOR CALCULUS**

**Objectives:**

- To formulate ODE and seek understanding of the solution.
- To solve PDE with difference method.
- To understand the idea to transform the problem into another problem that is easier to solve.
- To use various theorems to give a physical interpretation of a vector field.
- To introduce physical problems in Engineering and Biological models.

**UNIT I - LINEAR EQUATIONS WITH CONSTANT COEFFICIENTS**

Definition – The operator D – Complementary function of a Linear equations with constant coefficients - Finding Particular integrals in the cases of  $e^{kx}$ ,  $\sin(kx)$ ,  $\cos(kx)$  (where k is a constant),  $x^k$  where k is a positive integer(only problems) in all the above - No proof needed for any formula.

**UNIT II - FORMATION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS BY ELIMINATING CONSTANTS AND BY ELIMINATION OF ARBITRARY FUNCTIONS**

Definition of general, particular & complete solutions - Singular integral (geometrical meaning not required) - Solutions of first order equations in the standard forms -  $f(p, q) = 0$ ,  $f(x, p, q) = 0$ ,  $f(y, p, q) = 0$ ,  $f(z, p, q) = 0$ ,  $f_1(x, p) = f_2(y, q)$ ,  $z = xp + yp + f(p, q)$  - Lagrange's method of solving  $Pp + Qq = R$ , where P, Q, R are functions of x, y, z - (Geometrical Meaning is not needed) - (**only simple problems** in all the above - No proof needed for any formula).

**UNIT III - LAPLACE TRANSFORM**

Definition -  $L(e^{at})$ ,  $L(\cos(at))$ ,  $L(\sin(at))$ ,  $L(t^n)$ , where n is a positive integer. Basic theorems in Laplace Transforms (formula only)- $L[e^{-st}\cos bt]$ ,  $L[e^{-st}\sin bt]$ ,  $L[e^{-st}f(t)]$  -  $L[f(t)]$ ,  $L[f'(t)]$ ,  $L[f''(t)]$  - Inverse Laplace Transforms related to the above standard forms - solving second order ODE with constant coefficients using Laplace Transforms.

## **UNIT IV - VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION**

Vector function – limit and continuity of a Vector function– Derivative of a Vector function with respect to a scalar – Integration of Vectorfunctions – Partial derivatives of vectors – the Vector Differential operator Del - Gradient of a Scalar field– Definition - Directional derivative of a scalar point function -tangent plane and normal to a level surface – Divergence of a Vector function - Curl of a Vector function.

## **UNIT V - VECTOR INTEGRATION**

Line integrals - surface integrals - volume integrals –Green’s theorem - Gauss Divergence Theorem - Stoke’s Theorem (statement, application & verification only, No proof needed)

### **Text Books**

[1] “Differential Equations”, S.Narayanan S.Viswanathan Publishers, 1996.

[2] “Vector Calculus” by J. N. Sharma and A.R. Vasishtha published by Krishna PrakashanMandir(1984) Co., 9<sup>th</sup> Edition.

Unit I : Chapter 1 – 5

Unit II : Chapter 12 sec 1, 2, 3.1, 3.2, 4, 5.1, 5.2 [1]

Unit III : Chapter 9, Sec. 1 - 8 [2]

Unit IV : Chapter 1,2, pg. no : 1 – 9, 12- 31, 37- 70 [2]

Unit V : Chapter 3, pg. no : 76- 151 [2]

### **References:**

1. “Ordinary and partial differential equation”, M.D.Raisinghania - S. Chand & Co
2. “Mathematical physics” -B.D.Gupta - Vikas Publications.



## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Introduction to Biostatistics – Sokaland Rohlf – Toppan Co. Japan
2. Primer of Biostatistics – Stanton A.Clantz – The McGraw Hill Inc. Newyork

## ALLIED COURSE:4 CLASS :B.Sc., Microbiology / Biochemistry SEM:III CODE: BIOSTATISTICS

### Objectives:

- Update and expand the basic knowledge of mathematics.
- To review the basic concepts and knowledge in collection of Data
- Develop the skills pertinent to practice Measures of central tendency.
- The students will collect and analyze data using biological materials.

### UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO BIOSTATISTICS

Biostatistics : Definition- Developments – Applications- Role- Definition of Statistics – Characteristics – Limitations.

### UNIT II - COLLECTION AND PRESENTATION OF DATA

*Collection of data* : Data collection-Primary data – secondary data, Classification  
*Sampling*: Sampling method- types of sampling.

Classification and Tabulation: - Types of classification - Tabulation of data - Parts of a table - types of tabulation.

*Diagrammatic representation* : Rules, limitations - Bar diagram (Simple, multiple, component / staked, proportional / percentage) - pie diagram.



*Graphical representation* : rules, limitations - difference between diagram and graphs  
- histogram - frequency polygon - frequency curve - Ogive curve

### **UNIT III - MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY**

*Measures of central tendency* : Introduction - characteristics - Arithmetic mean - Median - Mode - Geometric mean, Harmonic Mean (definition, merits and demerits, problems based on raw, discrete and continuous data)

### **UNIT IV - MEASURES OF DISPERSION**

*Measures of dispersion* : Definition - Characteristics - Range - Mean derivation - Standard deviation - Coefficient of variation (definition, merits & demerits, problems based on raw data only)

### **UNIT V – SKEWNESS AND KURTOSIS**

*Skewness* : Definition, Types, Karl Pearson coefficient of Skewness, Bowley's coefficient of Skewness - Related problems, Kurtosis & moments (concept only).

#### **Text Books:**

- [1] "Biostatistics" - P.N. Arora, P.K.Malhan, Himalaya Publishing House.(2014).  
[2] "Fundamentals of Biostatistics" - Veer BalaRastogi, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. (2008).

**Unit I : Chapter 1, Sec. 1.1 -1.5, 1.11 – 1.13[1] Chapter1, page no. 8-11 [2]**

**Unit II: Chapter 1, Sec. 1.8, 1.9 [1] Chapter 3, Sec. 3.1-3.3 [1]**  
**Chapter 4, Sec. 4.1 - 4.12 [1] Chapter 3, Pg. no. 25-30 [2]**

**Unit III : Chapter 5, Sec. 5.1,5.3, 5.7 – 5.19, 5.21 – 5.24 [1]**

**Unit IV : Chapter 7, Page No. 133 – 138, 146-155 [2]**

**Unit V : Chapter 7, Sec. 7.1, 7.2, 7.5 - 7.9 [1]**

#### **Reference Books**

1. "Introduction to Biostatistics" – Sokaland Rohlf – Toppan Co. Japan
2. "Primer of Biostatistics" – Stanton A. Clantz – The McGraw Hill Inc. Newyork.

**ALLIED COURSE:AC5B.Sc. Microbiology SEM: IV CODE:U4NMBAC5P**

### **BIOSTATISTICS PRACTICAL**

#### **Objectives:**

- To Update and expand the basic knowledge of mathematics.

- To review the basic concepts and knowledge in Measures of central tendency.
- Develop the skills pertinent to practice of Mathematics.
- The students will collect and analyze data using biological materials.
- To study about the Test of significance using t- test and chi-square test. This will be very useful to the students for research purpose.

### **Unit I: Distributions**

Construction of discrete frequency distributions - continuous frequency distribution (univariate and bivariate)

### **Unit II: Graphical Representation**

Graphical representation of statistical data - Simple bar diagram, Multiple bar diagram, Component bar diagram, Percentage bar diagram, Rectangle bar diagram and Pie diagram

### **Unit III: Diagrammatic Representation**

Diagrammatic representation of statistical data - Histogram, Frequency polygon, Frequency curve, Ogive curve.

### **Unit IV: Measures of central tendency**

Calculation of arithmetic Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean and Coefficient of variance using biological materials.

### **Unit V: Test of Significance**

Test of significance t-test-single mean and two means, Chi-square test of independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

### **Text Books:**

[1] "BIO STATISTICS" - P.N.Arora, P.K.Malhan, Himalaya Publishing House, 2006

[2] "BIO STATISTICS", P.Rama Krishnan, Saras publications, 1995

**Unit I : Chapter 3- Sec. 3.3 [1] Chapter 3- P.No.57 - 60 [2]**

**Unit II : Chapter 4- Sec. 4.5, 4.6 [1]**

**Chapter 4 - P.No. 74 to 78 [2]**

**Unit III : Chapter 4- Sec. 4.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12, 4.13 [1]**

**Chapter 5 - P.No. 91 - 100 [2]**

**Unit IV : Chapter 5- Sec. 5.2, 5.3, 5.8, 5.13, 5.21, 5.23 [1]**

**Chapter 6 - Sec. 6.6 [1]**

**Unit V : Chapter 13 - Sec. 13.9, 13.10 [1] and Chapter 14 - Sec. 14.7, 14.8 [1]**

**Chapter 12 - P.No. 325 - 330 [2] and Chapter 13 - P.No. 335 - 342 [2]**

**Reference Books:**

1. Introduction to Biostatistics – Sokal and Rohlf – Toppan Co. Japan
2. Primer of Biostatistics – Stanton A. Clantz – The McGraw Hill Inc. Newyork.

**ALLIED COURSE: 3I B.B.A.SEM:II CODE:U2NBAAC3**

**BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

**Objectives:**

- To understand the application of derivative in business
- To use determinants and matrices to model and solve problems
- Statisticians help to design data collection plans, analyze data appropriately and interpret and draw conclusions from those analyses.
- The following may be applied to one dimensional data. Depending on the circumstances it may be appropriate to transform the data before calculating central tendency.
- Calculate correlation for subgroups using split file. Correlation used to test the degree of association between variables.

**UNIT I: DIFFERENTIATION**

Addition rule, difference rules and product rule. Maxima and minima – application of derivatives in business step for finding an optimum value of function.

**UNIT II- MATRIX AND DETERMINANTS**

Basic concepts – addition, subtraction and multiplication of matrices – elementary operations – Transpose of Matrix, inverse, Solving equations by Matrix Method  
Determinants and solution of simultaneous linear equations – Cramer's rule.

**UNIT III - STATISTICS**

Definition – Nature – scope and Objectives – diagram – Matrix representation – One, Two and three dimensional diagram – Graphic Representation – Histogram, frequency polygon frequency Curve, Histogram and pie diagram – classification and tabulation.

**UNIT IV – MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY & MEASURES OF DISPERSION**

Mean Median, Mode, Geometric mean, harmonic mean, Rang, Quartile Deviation, Mean deviation, Standard deviation and Co-efficient of variation.(definition, merits and demerits related simple problems )

## **UNIT V – SIMPLE CORRELATION & SIMPLE REGRESSION ANALYSIS**

Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and Spearman's rank correlation – properties of correlation, properties of Regression – Regression lines and estimation

### **TEXT BOOK**

[1] "Business Mathematics and statistics" P.A. Navnitham. JAI Publishers, new No.19, seventh cross, Sundar Nagar, Trichy – 620021

[2] Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics – Gupta Kapoor –Chand & Sons.

Unit I : Chapter 6 and 7 [1]

Unit II: Chapter 4 [1]

Unit III: Chapter 1,2,3,4,5 and 6 [1]

Unit IV: Chapter 2 & 3, Sec 2.6-2.9, 3.3 – 3.7, 3.8.1 [2]

Unit V: Chapter 12 and 13 [1]

### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1) Business Mathematics – Sancheti and Kapoor
- 2) Statistics – R.S.N. Pillai and Bagavathi.

**ALLIED COURSE: 6II B.B.A.SEM:IV CODE:U4NBAAC6**

## **OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

### **Objectives:**

- To provide the students mathematical teaching to model and analyze decision problems with effective application to real life in optimization of objectives.
- The Central objective of OR is Optimization. i.e“to do things best under the given circumstances”.
- The basic concept behind sequencing is to use the available facilities in such a manner that the cost(time) is Minimized.
- The Assignment problem is one of the special type of transportation problem for which more efficient solutions.
- The Replacement is concerned with the equipment and Machinery that deteriorates with time.

### **UNIT I-OPERATION RESEARCH**

Nature of OR-Modelling in OR- Scope-Limitations-Decision making-Linear Programming Problem- Formulation of LPP- Solution to an L.P.P-Graphical Method.

### **UNIT II-TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM**

Introduction -Formulation of a Transportation Problem-Solving T.P. by North-West-Corner rule, Least Cost method and Vogel's approximation method and finding the initial basic feasible solution using these methods-Modi Method.

### **UNIT III- SEQUENCING**

Introduction – Assumptions – Methods of Sequencing – Johnson's Method – Graphical Method.

### **UNIT IV-ASSIGNMENT PROBLEM**

Introduction-General Model of the assignment-Conversion into an equivalent L.P.P. Solving Assignment Problem-Travelling salesman model –Hungarian method.

### **UNIT V-REPLACEMENT DECISIONS**

Introduction-Concepts of Replacement-Replacement of Equipment that deteriorates gradually-Replacement of equipment that fails suddenly.

### **TEXT BOOK**

[1]”Operation Research” by Kantiswarup, P.K.Gupta and Manmohan.

[2]”Operation Research Methods and Applications”-P.Mariappan-New Century book House Ltd.

**Unit I: Chapter 1,1.3,1.5,1.6,1.9,1.10.**

**Chapter 2,2.1-2.4. and Chapter 3, 3.1-3.3 [1]**

**Unit II: Chapter 10, 10.1, 10.2, 10.8, 10.9, 10.13 [1]**

**Unit III:Chapter 9, 9.1 – 9.3 [2]**

**Unit IV: Chapter 5, 5.1 – 5.5 [2]**

**Unit V: Chapter 10,10.1-10.4[2]**

### **REFERENCE BOOK**

1) “Operations Research” A.TAHA

2) “Operations Research and Quantitative Analysis” by Premkumar Gupta and H.S.Hiva.

**CORE COURSE:3      I B.COM      SEMESTER : II      SUBJECT**  
**CODE:U2NCMCC3**

### **BUSINESS STATISTICS**

#### **OBJECTIVES :**

- *To understand how an average gives simple and brief description on the main features of the whole data.*
- *Able to compare two or more series with help of the measures of dispersion.*
- *Introduce linear correlation, independent and dependent variables and the types of correlation.*
- *Time series data are collected on the same observation unit at multiple time periods.*
- *To appreciate the use of index numbers in a range of practical situation.*

#### **UNIT I DATA PRESENTATION & MEASURES OF AVERAGES**

Introduction - tabulation and classification - diagrams and graphs: Bar diagram, Pie diagram Histogram Frequency Polygon Ogives- measure of Central Tendency - arithmetic mean, median, mode, geometric mean and harmonic mean (Omitted weighted average method). (Direct method only).

#### **UNIT II MEASURE OF DISPERSION**

Measure of dispersion - range - quartile deviation - mean deviation - standard deviation - coefficient of variation (Direct method only)

#### **UNIT III SKEWNESS AND CORRELATION**

Measurement of Skewness- Karl Pearson's method & Bowley's Methods - Correlation - Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient - Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.

#### **UNIT IV REGRESSION AND TIME SERIES**

Regression analysis - Simple regression - equations - X on Y - Y on X - Time series analysis - components - Fitting a straight line by method of least square.

#### **UNIT V INDEX NUMBERS**



Index numbers - Weighted and unweighted - Price index numbers - Types - Tests in index numbers - Time and factor reversal test - cost of living index number - aggregate method - family budget method

(PROBLEM 75%                      THEORY 25%)

**TEXT BOOK:**

[1] “**Business Mathematics And Statistics**” by PA.Navnitham, M.Sc., M.Phil. Jai Publication, Trichy – 2 , July 2011.

Unit I: Chapter 5 pg no 60 -91, Chapter 6 pg no 98 - 145, Chapter 7 pg no 159 – 269.

Unit II : Chapter 8 pg no 301 - 368

Unit III: Chapter 9 pg no 396 -416 , Chapter 12 pg no 503 – 522

Unit IV : Chapter 13 pg no 540 -563 , Chapter 14 pg no 579 -58s3, 594 -601.

Unit V : Chapter 10 pg no 444 -463, 467 - 471

**REFERENCES:**

[1] “**Business Statistics**” - PR Vittal- Marghanpublications, Reprint 2004

[2] “**Statistical methods**” by S.P.Gupta - Chand & Sons - 1995